Installation manual Decorative stone

BASE

- Any and all surfaces meant to have the tiles or other related elements glued to them need to be properly seasoned, have appropriate bearing capacity, stable and homogenous structure, be levelled, dry and cleared of any remains of paints, adhesives and oils. Unstable layers must be removed.
- In case the surface is uneven, you may need to even it with the use of a levelling mortar.
- The base should be primed with a primer, e.g., Grunt STEGU.
- The base must be made of a stable material, such as concrete, brick, chipboard, aerated concrete, gypsum-cardboard etc.
- First we check the level. If not levelled, we fix a levelling board which isn't higher than the tile.

GLUING

- Begin with gluing in corners and most visible areas, trying to avoid aesthetically unappealing trimming and making joints where they would be too noticeable.
- Critical! The backside of every board requires clearing out of plaster dust, which it is covered with as a result of the production process. This can be done with a foamed polystyrene rasp.
- Gluing process should be carried out starting from the bottom side of the wall. It is advised not to install the boards in even columns, for aesthetical reasons.
- For gluing you can use either GIPSOLEP or ELASTIK adhesives. GIPSOLEP should be applied pointwise, with a spatula, in ca. 3-4 places on the backside of the element. ELASTIK should be applied with a toothed spatula covering at least 80% of the backside of the element. The tile should then be pressed against the wall in the desired place and moved around slightly to make sure the glue is evenly distributed. Its excess should then be removed with a spatula.
- Tiles can be cut to desired shape using a woodworking cutting saw.









MAINTENANCE

■ After the adhesive is dry (which might take up to 14 days), the entire surface should be sprayed with an impregnate (e.g., ŻYWY KOLOR DO KAMIENIA STEGU), making it easier to keep the wall clean.



www.STEGU.pl